# art quilt <br> QUARTERIY <br> Issue No. 19 



## Coast to coast

> From Visions Art Museum in San Diego to the Boston Museum of Fine Arts, this issue brings you news about art quilts. Jennifer Swope, an Assistant Curator at the MFA, discusses art quilts in the collection, and independent author and curator Teresa Duryea Wong informs us about recent sales at VAM in our continuing series on the art quilt market. Turning to the heartland, Trudi Van Dyke explores the innovative imagination of Kentucky artist Jane Burch Cochran, whose whimsically embellished surfaces have enlivened her quilts for three decades. In Diane Howell's feature about Artists to Watch, her scope is international, including Helena Scheffer in Canada and Fenella Davies in the U.K., along with U.S. artists Pat Bishop and Wen Redmond. As we all surely know by now, this year marks the 100th anniversary of the 19th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution, which should have made it possible for all women to vote. That did not happen for various reasons, and a touring exhibition of art quilts curated by Pamela Weeks and myself, "Deeds not Words" described in this issue, celebrates the anniversary while delving into some of the problems.

Sandra Sider, Editor editor-aqq@saqa.com

Correction: We regret that in Issue 18, No Stone Unturned by Jean Wells was attributed to Isabelle Wiessler on p. 91. No Stone Unturned is properly attributed here on p. 92.

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Cover: Jane Burch Cochran, Crossing to Freedom $88 \times 118$ inches, 2004 see p. 10


Bisa Butler
To God and Truth ${ }^{1}$
$117.5 \times 140.5$ inches, 2019

# Art quilts in the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston 

by Jennifer Swope

The Museum of Fine Arts, Boston, will present a selection of its most extraordinary American quilts and bed covers collection spanning three centuries in a publication and exhibition opening on October 11, 2020, Fabric of a Nation: American Quilt Stories. Both will explore how these textiles resonate with many untold stories of people who have played a vital role in the complicated history of North America. Actively building a quilt collection began only two decades ago, and acquiring late 20th- and 21stcentury quilts remains a priority. The MFA's reinterpretation of its historic quilt collection and expansion
of its contemporary one is highlighting the place for quilts in the canon of American art.

Bisa Butler's To God and Truth re-animates figures in an 1899 photograph of baseball players at Morris Brown College in Atlanta, one of 300 pieces chosen by W. E. B. DuBois to exhibit at the 1900 Paris Exposition Universelle to illustrate African-American progress after Emancipation. Using layers of appliquéd and painted textiles, Butler conveyed the individuality of each figure, rendering these scholar-athletes in innumerable printed cottons that include Nigerian hand-dyed batiks, African wax-resist cottons, South


Carla Hemlock
Survivors ${ }^{2}$
$79 \times 76$ inches, 2011-2013

African shwe-shwe cloth, and Ghanian kente cloth. With pieced and appliquéd nylon netting, other synthetics, and knotted cotton, Butler created surface depth that she further explored in the machine quilting process.
Kanienkeháka (or Mohawk) artist Carla Hemlock also brings historical issues to a contemporary audience in the disarming form of a quilt. In Survivors, Hemlock altered what she describes as a traditional settler pattern with a ring of appliquéd red figures inspired by those found in wampum belts that continue to serve as a guide to Haudenosaunee (or Iroquois) history and traditions. Hemlock says the forty-eight beadwork wampum figures in the outer border include names of "the Native Nations that have survived centuries of genocidal policies by settler government to wipe out our identity and our People's existence." Hemlock's hand quilting plays on the tension between comforting and domestic associations of quilts contrasted with these themes.

When Susan Hoffman began making quilts in the mid-1970s, she assumed that it would be just a matter of time before these works of art would be recognized as such. In this sense, she considers all quilts to be political because they challenge hierarchies within the

## Susan Hoffman

Love Meditation ${ }^{3}$
$96 \times 93$ inches, 2011
art world. Like much of Hoffman's work, Love Mediation continues her exploration of color and pattern within abstract geometric composition. She has described her initial breakthrough in the quilt medium as occurring when she began placing pieces of cloth on the floor of her studio apartment, like "long brushstrokes." She describes the hand quilting that she does for each work as a mediation that "breathes life into the front of the quilt."

Trained in tapestry weaving and ceramics, Nancy Crow became engaged with the symmetrical geometry of piecing in the mid-1970s, creating some of the most visually dynamic quilts of the 1980s and 1990s. Constructions No. 8 is part of a series that marks Crow's dramatic shift away from precise piecing with rulers to using a rotary cutter in a freehand, improvisational way. The shifting color intensities of the quilt's hand-dyed cottons, with irregular rhythms of undulating lines between the long stripes and blocky squares in the composition, demonstrate Crow's mastery of her medium.

Michael James's Grid with Colorful Past exemplifies a new direction his work has taken in the 21 st century. A leading artist, writer, and teacher whose work in all of these areas has elevated the field of contemporary quilting, James was formally trained in painting and printmaking but switched to making quilts in the mid-1970s. In this quilt, James departed from making large-scale works featuring stripes of undulating color, which characterized


## Nancy Crow

Constructions No. $8^{4}$
$40.5 \times 37.5$ inches, 1997


Michael F. James
Grid with Colorful Past ${ }^{5}$
$35.5 \times 46$ inches, 2007-2008

Tomie Nagano Indigo Colour Mixture ${ }^{6}$
$121 \times 96$ inches, 2004

his work of 1980s and 1990s. As part of his The Life in a Day series, James composed this quilt top in a single day from pieces of digitally printed textiles that he had created. These self-imposed parameters induced what James has described as the "visual free verse" inherent in this series of relatively small yet innovative quilts.

Like other leaders in the quilt revival that began in the mid-1970s, Gerald Roy was trained in painting, but initially distinguished himself as a teacher of formal
visual principles and a quilt collector, taking up quilting in the 21st century. An advocate of Joseph Albers' concepts of the interaction of color, the artist played with complementary purple and yellow-green stripes in Regatta (not shown). Most of the textiles used in this work date from the early 20th century, like the worn denim pieces, or earlier, like the pieces of brown wool homespun.
Japanese-American artist Tomie Nagano created Indigo Colour Mixture as part of
her Two Hearts in Harmony series. Descended from 19th-century Japanese settlers of Hokaido who had deep traditions of spinning, dyeing, and weaving, Nagano hand-pieces and quilts textiles from recycled kimonos dating from the late 19th to mid-20th century. Inspired to make quilts in the mid-1980s after her mother gave her kimonos owned by her grandparents, Nagano continues to honor these earlier generations through her textile art.

Mike McNamara's Rooster Quilt combines vintage quilt blocks ranging from the 1940s to 1980s. McNamara finished the quilt top by inviting artist Bonnie Minardi of Santa Cruz, California, to paint
see "Museum of Fine Arts, Boston" on page 96

Mike McNamara
Rooster Quilt ${ }^{7}$
$92 \times 78.5$ inches, 2015


## Credits

## 1. To God and Truth Bisa Butler

Printed cotton; pieced, appliquéd, and quilted
John H. and Ernestine A. Payne Fund, The Heritage Fund for a Diverse Collection, and Arthur Mason Knapp Fund
Photograph ©Museum of Fine Arts, Boston
Collection of the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston (2019.2200)

## 2. Survivors <br> Carla Hemlock (Haudenosaunee, Kanienkeháka [Mohawk], born 1961)

Cotton plain weave, pieced; glass beads, applied; cotton and polyester batting, quilted

The Heritage Fund for a Diverse Collection
Reproduced with permission.
Photograph ©Museum of Fine Arts, Boston
Collection of the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston (2019.1943)

## 3. Love Meditation Susan Hoffman (American, born 1953)

Cotton and cotton-polyester blends in plain weave and other structures; machine pieced, hand quilted

Gift of Susan Hoffman
© Susan D. Hoffman
Photograph © Museum of Fine Arts, Boston
Collection of the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston (2019.2284)

## 4. Constructions No. 8 <br> Nancy Crow (American, born 1943)

Dyed and hand-quilted cotton
The Daphne Farago Collection
©Nancy Crow
Photograph ©Museum of Fine Arts, Boston
Collection of the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston (2017.4834)

## 5. Grid with Colorful Past <br> Michael F. James (American)

Cotton plain weave digitally printed; machine peiced, machine quilted
Gift of Christin J. Mamiya
©Michael F. James
Photograph ©Museum of Fine Arts, Boston
Collection of the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston (2019.2287)

## 6. Indigo colour mixture

Tomie Nagano (Japanese-American, born 1950)
Cotton plain weave; cotton filling; pieced and quilted with polyester thread
Gift of Wayne E. Nichols
Reproduced with permission.
Photograph ©Museum of Fine Arts, Boston
Collection of the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston (2015.3122)

## 7. Rooster Quilt

Mike McNamara (American, born 1952)
Pieced printed cotton plain weave top; printed cotton plain weave back and binding; machine quilted; fabric paint (Versatex)

Gift of Mike McNamara
Photograph ©Museum of Fine Arts, Boston
Collection of the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston (2015.3089)

# Visionary move pays off by Teresa Duryea Wong 


n May of 2019, Visions Art Museum made a gutsy move. They dropped the admission fee to their contemporary quilt and textile museum and allowed people to enter for free. As it turns out, the free pass ended up paying big dividends for this small San Diego non-profit.

The decision has drawn considerably more people to the space, which in turn has led to an increase in gift shop sales as well as an increase in the sale of art quilts. Membership has increased, and philanthropic grants and donations are up. The move has resulted in another impressive statistic, an increase in diversity

among visitors. Approximately 25,000 people visit annually, and one advantage is the Museum's close proximity to the San Diego airport, where airport staff often encourage travelers who are stuck on long layovers to pop in for a free visit.

The ability to purchase the artwork is a core tenet of the Visions Art Museum mission. At least fifty percent of the quilts in every exhibition are for sale, and in some cases up to eighty percent are available. In traditional fine art galleries, discovering pricing and availability of works on view can be a mysterious, and sometimes intimidating, process. Visions, which straddles a fine line between museum and gallery, used to keep price lists behind a desk and waited for viewers to ask for them. This helped promote the atmosphere of an art museum but potentially hindered sales. Today, Visions makes it easy for viewers to identify prices and availability by offering multiple copies of a the price list out in the open.

Visions Executive Director Laura Mitchell explains that art sales are vitally important to the museum and the artists. The funds generated from sales help support the artists, who receive sixty percent of every sale, while the balance goes to the museum's operating budget. The artist sets the price, but Visions will review prices to ensure they are within consistent norms.
Australian artist Michelle Mischkulnig exhibited five art pieces at Visions in 2019. It was her first time to share her work in a U.S. museum, and she was

Michelle Mischkulnig<br>The Garden Party<br>$34 \times 24$ inches, 2018


thrilled when four of her five pieces sold. Two elements set Mischkulnig's work apart from other quilts and textiles. First, she frames all of her art quilts, but without glass. She also makes and sells wearable art, and these pieces are very popular with women who seek unique artistic fashion. Laura Mitchell recalls how one patron, who often shops at the Visions gift shop, returned to the museum dressed from head to toe in Mischkulnig's creations.
Mischkulnig credits her successful sales at Visions to the staff's willingness to be open-minded about what an art quilt can be. One of the obstacles to selling textiles and art quilts to the public is the difficultly for the buyer to envision the art on a wall. Mischkulnig believes that framing her art before it is exhibited helps offset those fears and sends a clear signal to a potential buyer that this is a piece of fine art intended for the wall.
Betty Busby agrees that there are obstacles to selling art quilts, and she believes the word "quilt" is in itself an obstacle. While more and more fiber art permeates the fine art world, Busby sees this as an opportune moment for art quilts to step up and be recognized. Part of that process begins with making art that is sellable, including paying attention to the archival

Betty Busby
Mycology
$59 \times 68$ inches, 2015
quality of the work. She sometimes hears other fiber artists say they create work that could either fade or degrade quickly due to glues or other issues and realizes that they don't see this as a concern. However, Busby believes that in order to make art worthy of a buyer's investment, it must be created with stability in mind. All of her artwork is intended for sale, and she takes care to ensure consistently high technical quality that will endure over time.

Judith Content is aware that "fabric on a wall" can be an exotic idea for many buyers, and the longevity
see "Visions" on page 99


The narrative art of

## Jane Burch Cochran

by Trudi Van Dyke



The Danish Clothier
photos by Pam Braun/Bronze Photography.
$60 \times 90$ inches, 2015
ane Burch Cochran loves to observe people, nature, and the universe in general. She regards her time spent pondering her observations as a blessing that invigorates her imagination and jumpstarts her creative juices.

This full-time artist (since 1980) is a classically trained painter whose first foray into painting fabric began with painted canvases and her father's neckties. She completed her first large quilt in 1985 and has been obsessed with making art quilts since then.

Cochran creates quilts in all sizes, but they're intended for adorning walls and not beds. Her fiber constructions are distinguished by her understanding and application of design elements and carefully crafted embellishments.

Cochran's work has its roots in Victorian quilts and Native American beadwork. She reaches viewers with work that merges her formal art training with her appreciation of the tactile characteristics of fabric.

Reflecting on her style, the artist explains that the organic abstract elements emerging in her paintings are enhanced by the juxtaposition of the time-consuming and controlled techniques of beading and sewing.

Cochran's narrative work reflects her introspection about particular pieces of clothing such as gloves and aprons. After she began using the imagery of hands and gloves, people began sending them to her. When they're used in her artwork, she wants them to reflect the owner in some way. Cochran rises to the challenge of making these personal objects meaningful parts of the quilts. Sometimes they reflect the previous owner and at other times they morph into symbols of larger ideas. For example, palms reaching out often go beyond a simple hand to a suggestion of wings. As in all thoughtful art, the artist and the viewer bring different experiences to the way they view a piece of

art. Cochran accepts that her audience will appreciate her work on different levels.
Ghost Shirts uses gloves and hand imagery interwoven in the quilt. It is heavily embellished, with overlapping images of shirts and other items of clothing, producing a magnetic pull. As the artist's choice of fabrics and colors draw us in, we wonder, whose clothes were these? Why are they here? How do they relate to each other, to the artist's view of life, and indeed our own?
Cochran uses strip piecing to make her patchwork. She continues by cutting these apart into smaller pieces, sewing and adding until a section large enough to use emerges. "I love to create the patchwork," she says. "Its like making lots of small paintings." Each patchwork section, along with various ephemera, is appliquéd onto a background with seed or bugle
beads. Cochran has a fascination with the history of beads and their roles in various cultures. She loves to use them as embellishments as a work emerges instead of waiting until the end. Her large collection of beads has been gathered from travels around the world.

The construction of the quilts is rigorous, and a single work can take many months. "I love doing labor-intensive art work. It's an odyssey," Cochran says. If a piece isn't coming together easily, She prefers to fix it rather than casting it aside. She does this by building up and adding more embellishments and paint rather than taking it apart. She says, "I do have patience and a vision which keeps me going."

Cochran doesn't necessarily always start with a clear plan. However, Crossing to Freedom, a commission from

Crossing to Freedom
$88 \times 118$ inches, 2004

Mind Games
$38 \times 36$ inches, 2014
the National Underground Railroad Freedom Center in Cincinnati, Ohio, began with a strong emotional relationship. This monumental quilt depicts symbolic images from the anti-slavery era to the Civil Rights Movement. The highly embellished work includes her 1963 pin from the March on Fair Housing in Frankfurt, Kentucky, commemorating that march she made with Martin Luther King.
Cochran has done some smaller pieces when facing the need to constrain her work to smaller studio space. Mind Games was created in a Montana cabin in 1993, where she worked on a series of faces, creating personalities within similar frameworks and with material constraints. The embellishment, fabrics, and colors seem to explode in planned chaos to represent the introspection of the human experience.
Lost Childhood was conceived for an invitational show in 1995 to honor the children who perished in the Murrah Center bombing in Oklahoma City. The tattered piece of the child's dress is the focal point, made more poignant by the inclusion of patchwork pieces in the shape of the traditional building block quilting pattern. These children were torn from the innocence of play to the mourning of a nation.

Lost Childhood $61 \times 51$ inches, 2014



## Apron Memories

$44 \times 49$ inches, 2019

A recurring element in Cochran's work is feminist symbolism recalling women's work, represented by garments, particularly aprons. The apron and its strings epitomize the tying down of the American woman. Not all women are free to pursue their passions as Cochran has been able to do. She came into adulthood during changing times and echoes through her art the changes she has seen.

As a contemporary textile artist, Jane Burch Cochran is encouraged by expanding interest in fiber and quilting. The growth of fiber shows has opened more opportunities for quilt artists to gain recognition and appreciation. Her plans for the next year include preparing work for a three-person exhibition at the Texas Quilt Museum.

This widely-collected artist's quilts can be found in the Renwick Gallery of the Smithsonian American Art Museum, The National Quilt Museum, The University of Kentucky Art Museum, and the Kentucky History Center. She is sought after for numerous corporate and private collections. She received a National Endowment for the Arts fellowship for quilt making in 1993.
www.janeburchcochran.com
Trudi Van Dyke, a freelance writer, is an independent curator and exhibition juror specializing in fine craft.


Last Rays of Fall
$53 \times 24$ inches, 2018

# Marianne R. Williamson 

## From gallery show to a private commission

by Sandra Sider

From an early age, Marianne R. Williamson had both stitching and fine art as family influences. Her maternal grandmother did needlepoint and her father collected art. Growing up in Switzerland, Williamson learned to knit at the age of six. She took her first painting class with a private teacher around the age of fourteen. She continued to take lessons while attending high school in France and then studied for four years at the École de Beaux Arts (School of Fine Arts) in Geneva, graduating with a degree in sculpture, yet becoming a painter and later taking up traditional hand quilting.

When she discovered raw-edge appliqué and free-motion machine quilting in the late 1990s, her whole outlook on fiber art changed. Williamson then took workshops with Diane Hire and June Simmons in which she fine-tuned these new techniques. She later studied with Emily Richardson, Maya Schonenberger, and Sue Benner. Her art quilts often feature leaves, including the brilliant leaves of autumn foliage, where Williamson's love of color is unleashed. Her other work includes themes of landscape, water, and spatial abstraction. Even though the themes change, her masterful technique has produced an impressive body of work in the quilt medium.

Williamson describes her experience creating a private commission for Last Rays of Fall:
"I like input from clients. Usually they want something similar to what they've seen, but luckily

# Deeds not Words <br> <br> Celebrating 100 Years of <br> <br> Celebrating 100 Years of Women's Suffrage 

 Women's Suffrage}

by Sandra Sider \& Pamela Weeks

The concept for this exhibition originated with Judy Schwender, former curator at the National Quilt Museum. Early in 2017, she invited the two of us to collaborate on creating a touring exhibition to commemorate the 100th anniversary in 2020 of the 19th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution.

We invited award-winning artists from across the United States, each to make a quilt celebrating women's suffrage. The Deeds not Words exhibition presents 28 art quilts by 29 artists (the Pixeladies are a collaborative duo), with an essay by each artist. It was important to us that we include male artists in the exhibition, to recognize the support of many men concerning women's suffrage, and to feature several African-American artists and subjects. Although the 19th Amendment made a huge stride forward for women's rights, in many voting situations that right extended only to white women.

Long before the quilts were completed, we were able to book the exhibition's entire tour, from 2020 until 2022, due to the nationwide interest in this timely subject. We had the good fortune of having Luana Rubin at eQuilter.com enthusiastically in favor of the exhibition, and having eQuilter as our exclusive sponsor is something for which we are immensely grateful. We also thank Karey Bresenhan and Nancy O'Bryant Puentes, who generously offered the resources of the Texas Quilt Museum to expedite managing and shipping the show. Schiffer Publishing has produced a hardcover catalog to document and accompany the exhibition, and we are happy to share some of the quilt images with AQQ readers.

Sandra Sider is Curator of the Texas Quilt Museum and Pamela Weeks is Curator of the New England Quilt Museum. All royalties from sales of the catalog will be shared equally between their not-for-profit institutions.


Pixeladies (Kris Sazaki \& Deb Cashatt) Katharine Dexter McCormick: Making Her Mark
$38 \times 36$ inches, 2019


## The 19th Amendment to the U.S. Constitution:

## Section 1

The right of the citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any State on account of sex.

## Section 2

Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.


Arturo Alonzo Sandoval
Unsung Heroines of African-American Suffrage
$84 \times 84$ inches, 2019
photo by Scott Walz

Jill Kerttula Belva Lockwood $43 \times 33$ inches, 2019

## Alice Beasley

She Refused To Walk Behind (Ida B. Wells) $35 \times 40$ inches, 2019

## Pat Bishop

## Shawano, Wisconsin

Pat Bishop's color-rich work is alive with life: birds, trees, landscapes. With the deft touch of a watercolorist, she leaves room in her work for viewers to find the beauty and essence of our world and the need to protect it.

## The beginning

I have dabbled in many artistic areas and have been a maker since I was quite young. I also have always sewn and been frugal. So when quilting became popular again in the 1970s, I made a quilt for myself. I remained involved in traditional quilting for years. I thought you needed to be born with talent to create art quilts. One of my regrets is that I also believed being an artist wouldn't be a viable career. But I've learned that success as an artist takes desire and hard work.
When I knew I was going to be a grandma, I realized it was time to use my creativity to develop my own quilts, specifically art quilts. My first one was for my grandson, and it featured frogs leaping into a pond. I had the support of a small group of likeminded people as I became an artist. We challenged each other at monthly gatherings to be original and



Old Orchard
$18 \times 50$ inches, 2016
to try new techniques. Their camaraderie led to the making of my first award-winning art quilts at the Houston International Quilt Festival.

## Setting a style

My style is always in flux. I try to portray my message in the simplest terms possible, yet with impact. Simple shapes build the composition. I'm not trying to recreate a photograph, but rather evoke a feeling. My style developed from my love of watercolors and that vagueness where everything is not spelled out. Recently a friend mentioned that one of my current works is very simple and striking. I realized that approach was what I was aiming for, and I'll continue to develop it in the coming year. It's important that an artist develop a distinctive style so their work is recognized for that style. Sometimes this distinction feels confining, and I haven't really heeded this advice. I feel that now may be the time for that change.

## Mixing materials

I use textured fabrics that read as solids. These can be linens, silk, cottons, velvet, or whatever I feel works. Other recycled materials I use include paper, birch bark, plastic, or anything that can be sewn. I do not buy much commercial fabric. A lot of what I use is from

Ephraim Shop
$70 \times 36$ inches, 2019



## Nutmeg

## Remnants of Home \#4

$12 \times 12$ inches, 2015


Remnants of Home \#5
$12 \times 12$ inches, 2015

thrift stores or my own hand-dyed pieces. I love to dye damask, and it is readily available at rummage sales.
I am currently in a fusing mode but still enjoy doing some piecing. When I piece, it's usually very abstract. I love the way I don't know what's going to happen until different fabrics are sewn together. This process feeds my love of problem solving.
I want my work to read as a painting with texture. I use very fine quilting thread to add texture without bringing much attention to the thread, unless I'm using it for shading or highlighting. I also sometimes use paint to add depth, to tone down, or unify the fabrics.

## Series work

I enjoy working in a series when the subject is something I want to pursue. Sometimes I find I have created a series only after several pieces have been made. My love of birds is the basis for my Avian series, which so far includes works of cranes, owls, a

crow, and a cardinal. My She series was started when I learned to piece abstractly. I loved doing it and it's a series that I'll probably pick up again. I also do a lot of trees, which is what led to my Cedar Swamp series and my apple trees. I do what I love, and that's what can make a series.

Both sets of my grandparents were farmers and I have an appreciation of the old sheds, barns, and falling-down structures in the Wisconsin countryside. I appreciate their simple beauty, their wabi-sabi imperfection. I know these buildings are quickly disappearing, and I want to preserve their uniqueness. They also lend themselves to my simple abstract technique.

The natural world is usually what inspires me, and it will continue to be an inspiration, especially in this era as we lose precious natural beauty. I hope to do work that inspires others to appreciate all of nature in an effort to preserve a healthy planet for our children and beyond.

## Looking ahead

I hope that my future finds me making more art and continuing my informal art education. The more time I spend in the studio, the more I want to be there. As a SAQA Juried Artist Member and current rep for the SAQA Illinois/Wisconsin region, I expect to become more involved in an organization that has done so much for me. I teach and share my work, and in the coming year I will pursue the one thing left on my bucket list: gallery representation.

top to bottom:
Cardinal Down
$15 \times 30$ inches, 2019
Whooper
$40 \times 30$ inches, 2019
Maidenhair Fern
$14 \times 11$ inches, 2019


## Finding a path

Like so many textile artists, my beginning efforts were with my grandmother. She was a WWI war widow and professional seamstress who worked on a treadle sewing machine. She taught me how to make clothes, and I sewed my first dresses in the 1960s before storebought clothes were affordable for everyone.

I went to art school on the weekends, where I had an inspirational teacher who specialized in stitching and design. I learned to embroider and had a thorough grounding in all the stitches, making samplers, placemats, and pictures. I went on to design and sell soft toys to shops in London and the South of England.
I completed a four-year college course through City and Guilds, studying two years at Chichester in

## The Catch

$55 \times 80$ inches (triptych total), 2019
with detail, above right



## above:

Horizon
$18.5 \times 90$ inches, 2017
left:
Horizon II
$19 \times 59$ inches, 2018

Sussex and two years in Bristol. I specialized in embroidery as well as patchwork and quilting, and was asked to join Bath Textile Artists, a group that gave me the freedom to mix art and stitchery, the basis of my work. I also belong to QuiltArt, a European textile art group. Apart from the support provided by this group, members have guided me to re-evaluate my work, put it up for critique within the group, and look at it in a new way.

## New life for aged fabric

Materials play a huge part in the planning of my work. My designs are freestyle with nothing plotted beforehand. My studio, when starting a piece, is a huge mess. I work visually and need to be surrounded by cloth, fabrics, paper, and photos before anything can be started. The idea is not to replicate something seen, but to give a sense of place and time.
A piece of cloth will then set off the train of thought that will link it to an idea. Old fabrics hold a very special place in my work - the idea of reusing fabrics that have been handled by others in the past is all part of the process.

My work is abstract and has become more collage than quilted textile. Having specialized in embroidery when at college, I now like to distress that with overpainting, collaging, and use of paper, card, flashing, matting, scrim, and netting, but always including a small point of interest to make the viewer think further. The work now relates more to soft collage than to quiltmaking.

Antique shops and fairs are a good source for materials. If the fabrics are well-used, mended, or coming apart, so much the better. I inherited my grandmother's stash of old pieces of tweeds, cottons, buttons, 1930s suspenders (I'm still trying to work out how to use those!), studs, elastics, and wools. Natural fabrics have a very different feel than synthetics, as they fold, tear, fray, and shred in a random way, leaving natural edges, which add to the feel of the work. The work is all about textures and contrasts - leaving much to the imagination but hopefully enough to lead the viewer into the piece.

## History as inspiration

History and reading have always been hugely important for me, who we are and from where we
come, the marks that have been left by people before us. I find that travels to ancient sites and historical places - Greece, Venice, Italy, and Turkey - really inspire me. Wandering around old gravestones allows me to trace our history.

My work has always been connected to the past. Each time I visit Venice, I see traces of the beauty that was. You can sketch out the lives of the Venetians from hundreds of years ago to today through empty dark passageways, sounds of feet on the stones, and echoes of times past. All of this is now rapidly fading with pollution and time, but you can still feel the emotion of connection.

Bath, England, where I live, is a Georgian town where many houses and terraces date back to the 1700 s . My studio is in our rambling cottage, built circa 1780, with old beams and stonework. I sometimes look with envy at the wonderful purpose-built studios that some modern artists have, but I know that I need to be surrounded by history in order to work.

## Future plans

The main messages of my work have been to find the hidden traces of past lives and to never forget that we are here because of the past. The countryside and seascapes all have played their part.

However, this year I'm taking time out to concentrate on something very different. The massive problem of global warming and our appalling use of single-use plastics are issues of grave concern. There is a tremendous amount of pollution in the seas. We seem to have ruined this delicate planet in the space of about sixty years, such a small period of time considering how long we have been here. Of course, the pieces will have a connection with the past, but they will carry a strong message.
I don't normally work in a series; one piece just flows into another. But this new series will probably have an end point. I can feel the landscapes beckoning.

[^0]

Crossing the Channel
$40 \times 24$ inches 2019


## Wen Redmond

## Strafford, New Hampshire

Wen Redmond loves to experiment. She has taken contemporary quilt art in new directions with different techniques and surface design. Today, she finds new ways to incorporate digital imagery into fiber art. Her results are often surprising and always intriguing.

## Finding my voice

In high school, I taught myself to quilt according to my own muse. In 1980, I moved to New Hampshire and joined a local guild, where I learned all the rules. Gradually, I turned to folk-art quilts, and then started interpreting imagery with direct cutting and piecing. I later added curved piecing to the mix. In the early 1990s, I started doing what I called "free" appliqué. I didn't turn the edges under or

Drawing a Breath
$22 \times 24$ inches, 2019



Continuing the Conversation
$50 \times 30$ inches, 2019
stitch the pieces down all the way. Because no one was doing such work at the time, I stopped.
It took a number of years before I was able to listen to my own voice. A quote from Anaïs Nin encouraged me tremendously: "And the day came when the risk to remain tight in a bud was more painful than the risk it took to blossom." By trusting my intuition and experimenting with new technology, I was able to fully embrace that concept.
In addition to quilting, I love photography. My game-changing moment came when I was able to use a computer to print my own photos onto cloth. My work exploded! The process combined both of my artistic expressions. I first shared my techniques in 2007 with an article on holographic imagery published in Quilting Arts magazine. I was also invited by the company to do an instructional video on my process and to appear on Quilting Arts TV.

## Techniques and process

I think my presentation techniques have become the unifying component in my series work, such as working in collage, using alternative substrates for print bases, or employing my segmented quilt presentation. Each one of my presentations changes the elemental concept of the work, creating a unique experience for the viewer and challenges for me.
I don't consciously direct the subject of my work.
Context is good, but I love the processes. Images are taken and sorted into file folders. Sometimes I take a journey through the files to see what image inspires me. Or seeing something different during my day will bring a project to mind. Even books and poetry can inspire a direction.
My work makes use of several techniques. I was painting my fabrics before printing on them. I used those painted fabrics as borders for my holographic


Intertwined
$17 \times 29$ inches, 2018

A Page in a Life
$27 \times 30$ inches, 2017
photo by Charley Freiburg

imagery and curved, pieced art quilts in the 1990s. Later, I took photos of those painted surfaces and layered them in Photoshop, using my imagery to create surprising and delightful manipulated results.
In my segmented quilt presentation, I use paint instead of borders on individual segments within a piece. This technique creates interior accents and also seals and colors the edges.
My fascination with photography is expressed through printing manipulated original photographs directly onto various substrates and specially-treated natural fibers. This approach makes materials a fundamental aspect of my current explorations. I print on recycled or unusual materials to give unique and ever more interesting results than can be achieved with simple paper or fabric alone. I consider what image would print best on various surfaces, such as tea bag liners, foil, or molding paste. Will the image blend or stand out?
My latest work, Drawing a Breath, was printed on an under-collage created from flashing and duct tape, using interfacing as the base. Drawn lines were sewn with thread and then an over-

lay was created with the same image printed on silk organza, attached at the top with brads. The organza floats away as people walk by, creating a sense of breath.

## Style defined

My style is eclectic, experimental, and known for breaking rules. I expose people to new ways of seeing. I also strive to inspire. Art, to me, is about moving forward. Creation gives me ideas. My passion is to put them into art through my desire to create.
I think growth is part of my process - not that every technique out there should be embraced, but I believe that growth in an artist is essential. I continue to explore types of presentations, different substrates, and different ways of constructing that fit me best at any given time in my career. Digital fiber has had the most hold on my creative pursuits. It includes everything I have learned: sewing by hand and machine, quilting, surface design, painting, the use of all sorts of mediums, collage, photography and all the new 21st-century digital tools.

left: The Machine
$45 \times 35$ inches, 2014
above: The Content of the Light
$40 \times 40$ inches, 2016
photos by Charley Freiburg


## Enchantment of the Forest

$40 \times 40$ inches, 2018

## artists to watch

## Helena Scheffer

Montreal, Quebec, Canada

Helena Scheffer's career as a quilt artist started when she visited a quilt show. From that point on, she has been a maker of colorful quilts. Today, her abstract series Colour Explosions helps define textile work as fine art. It is born of spontaneity and serendipity.


## Colorful start

My first contact with quilts was at the Vermont Quilt Festival three decades ago. I was smitten with the Amish quilts that I saw. The bold solid colors, the unusual color combinations, and the fine hand stitching were mesmerizing. I immediately took a basic quilting class, and the Amish quilts served as my inspiration for the first couple of years.

A class with Roberta Horton on African-American quilting dramatically changed the way I approach my work. I have never been good at following instructions. Receiving "permission" in that workshop to develop my own designs opened a new creative door for me. I began to dye my own fabric and broke free from the quilt block format. I've never looked back.

## World of color

What remains from my early quilting days is the influence of color. I love to work with it and consider myself a colorist, which is evident in my Colour Explosions series. This series arose out of mono-

Blood Moon
$24 \times 24$ inches, 2018

chromatic quilts I made from hundreds of squares and rectangles. At the time I owned an art gallery and was curating a show called Red Alert. There was a 40 -inch size limit on the entries, which meant that a larger piece I had created wasn't eligible.

I decided to try a new approach. What if, instead of seaming together squares and rectangles, I collaged them onto a background? I decided to attach the resulting quilt, Not Just Red, to a painted canvas. The Colour Explosions series was born. Since then, I have made dozens of pieces in this series, from small 6-inch square collages to what I consider to be my masterpiece to date: Kilauea, which measures 70 x 86 inches. It won Best of Show at the 2018 Chicago International Quilt Festival.

My process for this series involves placing hundreds of small pieces on a felt or batting background. The


Kilauea
$70 \times 86$ inches, 2018
photo by Maria Korab-Laskowska
work is then covered with tulle before being heavily quilted and mounted on a painted canvas, although several pieces in Colour Explosions are not mounted on canvas, including Kilauea.

## Colorful process

My Colour Explosions series is ongoing, and there is no limit to working with color. I could create a new red piece every day. Red is a constant source of inspiration for me, but sometimes I deliberately choose a color that I find challenging to see what I can do with it. I start each new piece with a basic color in mind and let the fabric determine the direction of the flow. This process can lead to surprises.

I have a large collection of vintage damask tablecloths and napkins that I dye, overdye, print, and otherwise manipulate. I love the texture of the woven fabric, which takes the dye so beautifully. I also buy
commercial fabrics, and browse thrift stores for old silk blouses, ties, and scarves. I find areas that work tonally and cut out small pieces measuring about an inch; the fabrics end up looking like Swiss cheese.

Another part of the process that I enjoy is machine quilting. For me, this is what differentiates an art quilt from a painting: the three-dimensional aspect of the textile created by the stitching. I sit down at the machine and let my fingers fly. Nothing is planned, it just flows out of my fingers. I also add hand stitching to many pieces, using thicker thread to add more texture.

Last year, a fellow artist friend gave me a small circular wooden panel and said, "Helena, I bet this would work well for your work." It was like a light


Black Crow Blues
$55 \times 70$ inches, 2016
photo by Maria KorabLaskowska
bulb turned on! I now love creating round artworks and so far have created nearly a dozen in
different sizes.

## Art and beyond

Quite a few years ago, I was invited to do a trunk
Queen of the Night
$42 \times 41$ inches, 2014
Made in collaboration with Marion Perrault show and speak about my work at a downtown library. Afterward, a woman raised her hand and said, "Your work is so beautiful, it's almost like art." That comment cut me to the quick. Textile work is art. I feel like I'm carrying the flag for textile art and its acceptance as fine art in my community. I'm the only textile artist in my professional art association, Lakeshore Artists. I exhibit twice yearly with this association and enjoy these opportunities to educate the public about textile art.
Aside from being an artist, I'm a dedicated yogi and embarked on an intensive yoga teacher-training program a few months ago. It's very time-consuming, but I am learning a lot and feel that I'm becoming a better human being along the way. In addition, I've been invited to mount a solo show in a Montreal art gallery late next year. I am now working on a new series for this exhibition that will combine Colour Explosions with my passion for yoga.
photo by Maria Korab-Laskowska


## Diane PowersHarris

 The Wind Beneath His Wings$31 \times 57$ inches I 2019



Birds, insects, and even some mammals are able to fly and soar. Plant seeds and kites are carried on the breeze, and the perfect pass can float through the air. Humankind has dreamt of ways to fly, from Icarus' attempt to create his own wings to the advent of airplanes, satellites, and space exploration. This exhibition provides new perspectives through which to see our world.


Maggy Rozycki Hiltner
Bombs and Missiles
$68 \times 44$ inches I 2017
Photo by Gene Rodman


Jill Kerttula
Boundless
$46 \times 35$ inches 12018


Bobbi Baugh
Sometimes They Fly Away
$32 \times 41$ inches 12018


## Victoria Carley

Icarus ||
$46 \times 49$ inches 12015


Ruthann Adams
Flying Free
$38 \times 37$ inches 12019


## Exploring Your Artistic Voice in Contemporary Quilt Art

## by Sandra Sider

Published by Schiffer Publishing, Ltd., 2019
111 pages, softcover, full color, \$16.99
ISBN 9780764358876
Sandra Sider's newest book feels like a personal conversation - not only because she shares her artistic journey and development with the reader, but also because her honesty, including frank criticism of her own work, is revealed within its pages. In Exploring Your Artistic Voice in Contemporary Quilt Art, Sider reflects on the path any practicing artist endures, but her book is written with particular emphasis to address the issues faced by quilt artists, who are so often mistakenly identified as hobbyists.

With a wide range of experience as not only an artist, but also as an art historian, juror, writer, and editor, Sider brings to the table a wealth of experience covering all facets of the quilt art world. In each and every page, she delivers critical advice and information, based not only on her own practices of making art, but additionally, the 'business' of creating and exhibiting quilts as an art medium.

Her writing style is easy to read and not overly complex, as she tells a compelling story - one that speaks to the issues faced by studio quilt and textile artists at any stage in their career. Creating a singular, recognizable voice, transitioning styles of work through long years of practice, and maintaining a level of quality, are among the critical aspects addressed in a way that will resonate with any practicing quilt artist, whether experienced or new to the game.

Sider clearly discovered, early on, that her favorite piece in the puzzle of making art quilts was her mutual love for photographic images and, subsequently, the cyanotype process. This is a light bulb moment for any artist - find the parts in the process you enjoy the most, and focus directly and intently on developing those passions. For her, it has resulted in a remarkable career that has produced a body of work that has evolved, changed, and often surprised, but remains continually familiar territory. This is a critical lesson to artists in any media, seeking to establish their own unique, and recognizable voice. The ability to allow the work to evolve, perhaps using new or unfamiliar techniques or materials, without fear of failure, is an issue faced by many artists, particularly those who have experienced some success.

Sider advises that through continued practice and hard work, an artist will soon discover what can be done well, is enjoyable, and which offers delight. Focusing on those skills can lead to a path of self-expression and development, and brings joy in the making. Listening to this inner voice may lead to a change in direction or the continuation of a current direction. Development of an artistic voice, Sider suggests, is an ongoing process, one that can be easily sidetracked by multiple influences, including new techniques, materials, and skills expressed by others in the quilt art community or in workshops. Sifting through all of these attractive options and choosing what to experiment with can be a challenge.
She also recommends spending time outside of the studio, viewing art work in galleries and museums, including quilts and other mediums, to study composition and color, and to gather inspiration. Familiarization with the work of other quilt artists, both contemporary and historical, can lend itself to a new idea, viewpoint, or realization.

## Exploring Your Artistic Voice concludes with a

 discussion of that most important lesson - what is success, and what is the purpose for the making of art. The ability to speak about art, both verbally and in written statements is relevant and clearly explained. The always-important artist statement included with images of specific pieces is broken down and analyzed. The before and after versions of several statements, along with photos of the specific quilts, are fascinating.Sider's artwork, from her beginnings to the current day, is beautifully photographed, every page filled with color photos highlighting a remarkable career of quilt making. Highly recommended, Exploring Your Artistic Voice in Contemporary Quilt Art is a delightful read and written in a way that the reader can easily imagine the author is sitting next to you, sharing her wisdom, along with a nice cup of tea.

## Bojagi, Design and Techniques in Korean Textile Art

## By Sara Cook

Published by Batsford, 2019
128 pages, hardcover, full color, \$29.95
ISBN 9781849945219
The fragile and ethereal appearance of contemporary bojagi, featuring lines created of overlapped, often hand-stitched seams, belies the historically utilitarian nature of this art form, rich in tradition and meaning from Korean makers for centuries. In Bojagi, Design and Techniques in Korean Textile Art, Sara Cook takes the reader on a journey back in time to the origins of this timeless technique, and then reveals the stunning art currently being created by practitioners of bojagi around the world.

Lush with beautiful color photos, this book reveals the original nature of what were fundamentally considered wrapping cloths; utilitarian fabrics often sewn together from leftover fabrics and scraps, and used for multiple purposes. The historical references and
images demonstrate not only the final results, but also the materials, tools, and various fabrics that were often used, including ramie, hemp, and silk. The stitching of bojagi was often the only creative outlet for Korean women, whose stitch patterns were often filled with symbolic references. Finished bojagi were used simply to wrap, carry,
 and store objects from clothing to food, but were also a component of religious and ceremonial rituals.

Various styles and regional examples of vintage bojagi are included, from special pieces created for royal and wealthy families to more simple interpretations stitched for everyday use, all in full-color photos.

Cook credits her introduction to and increased fascination with bojagi to Chunghie Lee, whose exhibition in 2009 at the Festival of Quilts in Birmingham captured her imagination. Their ongoing relationship, including trips to the Korea Bojagi Forums, introduced Cook to bojagi being created by contemporary textile artists. This book is the result of more than ten years of research, teaching, and practice which Cook hopes will inspire artists today.

Bojagi includes a broad wealth of information for novice practitioners, including suggested fabrics, sewing equipment needed, and step-by-step diagrams of the diverse styles of seams that can be used. Although many pieces are created by hand, machine stitchers can also create this unique patchwork in new and innovative ways. The result of Cook's personal creations, along with other artists' works featured in Bojagi, are beautiful and inventive, with a modern appeal.

Embellishment in the form of stitches or dimensional fabric creations is often added to bojagi made as gifts or for special occasions. Cook also includes an explanation, with instruction, of the colored

## Portfolio

# Studio Art Quilt Associates (SAQA) is pleased to present our Portfolio gallery. Each issue of Art Quilt Quarterly features a selection of artwork by juried artist members of SAQA, the world's largest organization devoted to art quilts. We hope you enjoy this opportunity to immerse yourself in these pages of wonderfully innovative artwork merging the tactile, technological, and traditional aspects of quilted art. 

Founded in 1989, SAQA is a nonprofit organization whose mission is to promote the art quilt. Now composed of more than 3,700 members in 39 countries, SAQA promotes the art quilt through exhibitions, publications, and professional development opportunities. We host an annual conference, publish a quarterly Journal, and sponsor multiple exhibitions each year.

In 2020, exhibitions of SAQA member work will travel to Australia, England, France, Germany, Italy, Spain, Switzerland, and thirteen states across the U.S. They will be displayed in seven museums and 21 major quilt festivals and seen by several hundred thousand visitors. Information about SAQA and these exhibitions is available at www.saqa.com. Full-color catalogs of many of the exhibitions are also available.

Regula Affolter

Oekingen, Solothurn, Switzerland
www.regaffolter.ch


Flucht 21/2018 Serie Crossing
$53 \times 36$ inches ( $135 \times 91 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
Berger Family | photo by JEA

## Linda Anderson

La Mesa, Calif, USA
www.laartquilts.com


## A Day in the Life

## Jill Ault

Ann Arbor, Michigan, USA
www.jillault.com


Interrupted
$55 \times 61$ inches $(140 \times 155 \mathrm{~cm})$ । 2017

Polly Bech

Swarthmore, Pennsylvania, USA
www.pollybech.com


Echoes of Gee's Bend
$49 \times 35$ inches $(125 \times 89 \mathrm{~cm})$ । 2019

## Charlotte Bird

San Diego, California, USA
www.birdworks-fiberarts.com


Goodbye My Village
$48 \times 32$ inches ( $122 \times 81 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) । 2018
photo by Gary Conaughton

## Ann Brauer

Shelburne Falls, Massachusetts, USA
www.annbrauer.com


## ocean sunrise

$47 \times 37$ inches ( $119 \times 94$ cm) | 2019
photo by John Polak

## Shelley Brucar

Mundelein, Illinois, USA
shelleybrucar.wixsite.com/studio


## Hide and Seek

## Susan Callahan

Silver Spring, Maryland, USA
susancallahanart.wordpress.com


## Stovetop

$55 \times 55$ inches ( $140 \times 140 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
Kitchen Life I photo by Eric Reiffenstein

# Harriet Cherry Cheney 

Dobbs Ferry, New York, USA
www.harrietcheney.com


Arimatsu
$30 \times 17 \times 4$ inches ( $76 \times 42 \times 9 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2017

## Sharon Collins

Arnprior, Ontario, Canada
www.sharoncollinsart.com


## Sublime

$35 \times 27$ inches ( $89 \times 69 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
private collection

## Jennifer Conrad

Burnsville, Minnesota, USA
www.designsbyjconrad.com


Prince UR a Star
$20 \times 20$ inches ( $51 \times 51 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

Jacque Lynn Davis

Freeburg, Illinois, USA
www.jacquedavis.com


## I Cannot Hear You Anymore

$30 \times 17$ inches ( $76 \times 43 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
private collection | photo by Sarah Abbott

## Maggie Dillon

Sarasota, Florida, USA
www.maggiedillondesigns.com


Missed Trains
$52 \times 42$ inches ( $132 \times 107 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) । 2018

Heather Dubreuil
Hudson, Quebec, Canada
www.heatherdubreuil.com


View from Riga Cathedral
$24 \times 18$ inches $(61 \times 46 \mathrm{~cm})$ | 2018

## Deborah Fell

Urbana, Illinois, USA
www.deborahfell.com


Puppy Love: Zane
$48 \times 49$ inches ( $122 \times 125 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
private collection

## Tommy Fitzsimmons

Lakewood Ranch, Florida, USA
www.tommysquilts.com


Wampum
$31 \times 58$ inches ( $79 \times 147 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

## Judith Quinn Garnett

Portland, Oregon, USA
www.blackdogdesignpdx.com


Oxidation
$60 \times 65$ inches ( $152 \times 165 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
photo by Owen Carey

## Valerie S. Goodwin

Tallahassee, Florida, USA
www.valeriegoodwinart.com


## Cartographic Collage VI

$48 \times 36$ inches ( $122 \times 91 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) (diptych; dimensions are for each piece) । 2018
photo by Barbara Davis

## Cindy Grisdela

Reston, Virginia, USA
www.cindygrisdela.com


## Aquarius

## Michele Hardy

Silverthorne, Colorado, USA
www.michelehardy.com


## Surfaces \#11

$32 \times 32$ inches ( $81 \times 81 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2017

## Barbara Oliver Hartman

Flower Mound, Texas, USA
barbaraohartman@aol.com


Aftermath
$45 \times 55$ inches ( $114 \times 140 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

Sue Holdaway-Heys

Ann Arbor, Michigan, USA
www.sueholdawayheys.com


The Sunbathers
$12 \times 12$ inches ( $31 \times 31 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
From an original photo by Sue Benner; used with permission.

## Leslie Tucker Jenison

San Antonio, Texas, USA
www.leslietuckerjenison.com


Interstitial
$50 \times 30$ inches ( $127 \times 76 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

## Kathleen Kastles

Wailuku, Hawaii, USA
www.kathleenkastles.com


## Bundle

$28 \times 14$ inches ( $71 \times 36 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2019
photo by Xinia Productions

## Jill Kerttula

Charlottesville, Virginia, USA
www.jillkerttula.com


Urban Voyeur: night on 2nd and Water
$50 \times 39$ inches ( $127 \times 98 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) । 2019

Sue King

Lancaster, Ohio, USA
www.suekingarts.com


## A River Runs Through It

$12 \times 31 \times 2$ inches ( $31 \times 79 \times 4 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
photo by Rob Colgan

Natalya Khorover Aikens

Pleasantville, New York, USA
www.artbynatalya.com


Iron Spine 5XL
$77 \times 51$ inches ( $196 \times 130 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2017

Judy F. Kirpich

Takoma Park, Maryland, USA
www.judykirpich.com


Memory Loss No. 1
$47 \times 80$ inches ( $119 \times 203 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
photo by Mark Gulezian

## Colleen M. Kole

Grand Rapids, Michigan, USA
www.colleenkole.com


Time Fragments \#20
$69 \times 69$ inches ( $175 \times 175 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

## Karol Kusmaul

Inverness, Florida, USA
www.kquilt.com


Flirting
$28 \times 26$ inches ( $71 \times 66 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

## Judy Langille

Kendall Park, New Jersey, USA
www.judylangille.com


Facade 3

## Sandra E. Lauterbach

Los Angeles, California, USA
www.sandralauterbach.com


Jazz Age
$49 \times 42 \times 2$ inches ( $125 \times 107 \times 5 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
private collection

## Uta Lenk

Vilsbiburg, Germany
www.justquilts.de


Everyone has the right (text messages 19)
$44 \times 64$ inches ( $112 \times 163 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
photo by Andreas Hasak

## Susan Leslie Lumsden

Brooksville, Florida, USA
www.rebelquilter.com


Passiflora: Frenzy
$61 \times 35$ inches ( $155 \times 88 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2019

## Penny Mateer

Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, USA


You Don't Own Me \#14 Protest Series

## Lorie McCown

Fredericksburg, Virginia, USA
www.loriemccown.com


The Story Skirt
$72 \times 42 \times 3$ inches ( $183 \times 107 \times 8 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

Denise Oyama Miller

Fremont, California, USA


Crayon Box Croton
$34 \times 38$ inches ( $86 \times 97 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) । 2018

Susie M. Monday

Pipe Creek, Texas, USA
www.susiemonday.com


Outside the Lines
$40 \times 40$ inches ( $102 \times 102 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2017

## Paula Nadelstern

Bronx, New York, USA


Kaleidoscopic XLI: The Prague Spanish Synagogue Ceiling

## Dan Olfe

Julian, California, USA
www.danolfe.com


Color Square \#5
$59 \times 58$ inches ( $150 \times 147 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2019

## Katie Pasquini Masopust

Fortuna, California, USA
www.katiepm.com


## Valerian

Kathryn Pellman

Los Angeles, California, USA
www.kathrynpellman.com


## Fashionista Quilter

$96 \times 60$ inches ( $244 \times 152 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
photo by Johanna Wissler

## Deb Plestid

Tatamagouche, Nova Scotia, Canada


MacKay Barns Standing Still on Spiddle Hill
$30 \times 45$ inches $(76 \times 114 \mathrm{~cm})$ | 2019

## Elaine Quehl

Ottawa, Ontario, Canada
www.elainequehl.com


Smoke and Mirrors 1
$40 \times 43$ inches ( $102 \times 109 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

Martha E. Ressler

Hamburg, Pennsylvania, USA
www.martharessler.com


## Across the Ages

$5 \times 7 \times 1$ inches $(13 \times 18 \times 1 \mathrm{~cm})$ | 2018

## Denise L. Roberts

Albright, West Virginia, USA
www.deniselroberts.com


## Finding Connections \#20

$84 \times 43$ inches ( $213 \times 108 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
photo by Richard C. Roberts

## Helena Scheffer

Beaconsfield, Quebec, Canada
www.helenascheffer.ca


## Coral Reef

## Susan Schrott

New York, New York, USA
www.susanschrottartist.com


Sisters of My Soul
$48 \times 64$ inches ( $122 \times 163 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
photo by Christopher Burke

## Maria Shell

Anchorage, Alaska, USA
www.mariashell.com


Bear Fence
$54 \times 40$ inches ( $137 \times 102 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

## Sue Sherman

Newmarket, Ontario, Canada
www.sueshermanquilts.com


## Huddle!

$32 \times 49$ inches ( $83 \times 126 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
private collection

## Catherine Whall Smith

Chaplin, Connecticut, USA
www.catherinewhallsmith.com


## Priscilla Stultz

Williamsburg, Virginia, USA


## Ancestry tree

$44 \times 38$ inches ( $112 \times 97 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2019

Daphne Taylor
Montville, Maine, USA


Quilt Drawing \#21
$57 \times 50$ inches ( $145 \times 126 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2017

## Gwyned Trefethen

Cohasset, Massachusetts, USA
www.gwynedtrefethen.com


## Cohasset Sunrise

$82 \times 59$ inches ( $208 \times 150 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2019
photo by Dana B. Eagles

## Terry Waldron

Anaheim, California, USA
www.terrywaldron.com


Water Dance
$60 \times 25$ inches ( $152 \times 64 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2014

## Jean Wells Keenan

Sisters, Oregon, USA
jeanwellsquilts.com


## No Stone Unturned

$54 \times 37$ inches ( $137 \times 94 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018
photo by Paige Vitek

## Isabelle Wiessler

Gundelfingen, Germany
www.isabelle-wiessler.de


Sphere 1
$42 \times 51$ inches ( $107 \times 130 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) । 2018

## Shea Wilkinson

Omaha, Nebraska, USA
www.sheawilkinson.com


## Reception

$32 \times 32$ inches ( $81 \times 81 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018

# Hope Wilmarth 

Spring, Texas, USA
www.hopewilmarth.com


## Broken Promises

$33 \times 50$ inches ( $84 \times 127 \mathrm{~cm}$ ) | 2018


THE BOYS ARE BACK IN TOWN!
RMQM's $15^{\text {th }}$ Biennial exhibition of quilts made by men \&
Hindsight 20/20 an exhibit of work by David Taylor-20 years exploring the art of appliqué

January 20—April 25, 2020

## THE CRIT GROUP

33rd Anniversary of The Crit Group celebrates with an exhibit of their current work with a few old favorites.
\&

## Tobacco Silks Reimagined

Greta Mikkelsen brings us a unique exhibition of antique tobacco silks celebrating the resourcefulness and creativity of women.
April 27—July 18, 2020


## Museum of Fine Arts, Boston fromp. 5

whatever inspired her. A member of the Quilters' Connection in Watertown, Massachusetts, and the Parajo Valley Quilters' Association of Santa Cruz, California, McNamara made his first quilt in 1976. In the mid-1980s, while living in Boston, he made many textile panels for friends and loved ones for the NAMES Project commemorating those who had died from AIDS.

Joyful Noise (not shown) and other fabric collages by Clara Wainwright incorporate an array of applied textiles and sequins upon which the artist paints. Wainwright was inspired to make quilts after receiving a late 19th-century crazy quilt at the birth of her son, and quilt art has proved the perfect medium for Wainwright's inventive artistic vision. She continues to make her own work while orchestrating large-scale quilt projects that demonstrate the power of communal expression in creativity. The three musicians collaged at the bottom of Joyful Noise borrow from Picasso's painting of the same title. Wainwright titled the piece after Boston jazz band Joyful Noise.

Only a selection of the important quilts made since 1975 in the MFA's collection of forty such works, these masterworks show the range of the medium in the hands of these extraordinary artists.

Jennifer Swope is Assistant Curator in the David and Roberta Logie Department of Textiles and Fashion Arts at the Museum of Fine Arts, Boston. A recipient of a Lois F. McNeil Fellowship to attend the Winterthur Program in American Culture, she received a Master's Degree in American Material Culture from the University of Delaware. She is co-author and curator of Quilts and Color, the Pilgrim/ Roy Collection, a catalog and exhibition that opened at the MFA in 2014.

Williamson from p. 13

I have some leeway, because no piece can be identical to something I have made previously. My work is intuitive, so it doesn't lend itself to repetition. Last Rays of Fall came about because my work was featured at a gallery in Cleveland, Ohio. The owner had a friend whom she thought might like my work, but she was nervous about being the middle person because her friend was very knowledgeable and had an extensive art collection. First she showed the potential client my web site, www.movinthreads.com, and then actual pieces of my work. I got a phone call asking me if I would do a commission, working in a specific size using autumn leaves and branches as my subject. There were no other constraints and I enjoyed doing the project, completing it within a month. Because all my work is appraised by a professional, the price was no different from any other piece that size, and my client had happily agreed upon the price when we first discussed the project. The gallery owner received a $50 \%$ commission. My client liked the piece so much when she saw it in the gallery, she rolled it up and took it home right away. It's always nice to have a satisfied client!"
[Ed. note: Most art galleries require a $50 \%$ payment for any commission of artwork originating with them.]


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Visions from p. 7
of textiles is always a concern. Any visitors lucky enough to have a tour of Content's own home would soon put those fears to rest when they see walls covered with kimonos, saris, obis, paisley shawls, woven rugs, and, of course, art quilts. Content helps potential buyers by educating them on how to care for textiles. In some cases, she asks professional textile conservators to talk to buyers or collectors.

Content believes that art collectors have grown to trust Visions Art Museum over the years, and that trust helps fuel sales. These artists all credit the dedicated staff and volunteers at Visions as an integral part of the museum's success in facilitating art and textile sales. Having a knowledgeable individual available to speak to viewers about the art, the maker's process, and how to care for fiber art is critically important and something Visions does extremely well.

Teresa Duryea Wong is an author, lecturer and historian. She has written four popular nonfiction books on quilts and textiles, and is a contributing writer for several publications. Her favorite thing to do is bring the world's quilt stories to life through her lectures. Learn more atTeresaDuryeaWong.com.

## Bookshelf from p. 35

thread quilting, saeksil nubi, that is historically used by Korean textile artists, which can be a delightful addition to contemporary bojagi pieces. Pieced patchwork techniques, or jogakbo, used in Korean textiles is reminiscent of crazy patchwork, with hand-stitched seams, worked on the right side of the fabric.

Contemporary bojagi pieces featured by Cook are inspiring. The transparency, creative use of color, and hand stitching utilizing updated bojagi concepts and techniques sets this art form apart in the quilt medium.

Cook concludes with helpful references and a supply list, as well as an extensive bibliography offering further study for both the novice and experienced reader.

Bojagi is a wonderful addition to the library of quilt artists seeking inspiration or new ideas that can be translated and used in their own work, or to collectors interested in the historical background of bojagi and an introduction to the exciting new pieces being created by practitioners of this exemplary artistry.

## June 4 - July 23, 2020

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## spotlight on collections new acquisition

## Luana Rubin

This quilt was made for the 2016 exhibit Water is Life that premiered at the United Nations in Geneva, Switzerland. It has traveled around the world to tell the story of "Rocky Mountain Poison" when the Gold King Mine spill turned the Animas River orange with toxins and sickened communities downstream, affecting four of our western states. Then my daughter was poisoned by VOCs (fracking byproducts - benzene styrene and toluene) in her public school, and Earthworks.org helped our community to identify what was happening. I never could have figured out that she needed to be tested for VOC exposure on my own. After my art quilt Rocky Mountain Poison traveled for three years, seen by thousands of people in many venues around the world, I offered to sell it to benefit Earthworks. The original idea of a fundraiser auction began to grow into a larger dream via Go Fund Me to benefit Earthworks when the International Quilt Museum (IQM) in Lincoln, Nebraska, asked to acquire the quilt. When the fundraiser is complete, Earthworks will donate Rocky Mountain Poison to the IQM.


Rocky Mountain Poison
$70 \times 36$ inches, 2016
photo by Mike McCormick

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